



## BMR 351XX02/803

# 1600W digital quarter brick DC/DC IBC

The BMR351XX02/803 is a high-power digital DC/DC converter. The impressive performance of this converter includes an efficiency reaching 97.8% at 54V<sub>in</sub> at half load. The BMR351XX02/803 is a non-isolated quarter brick. The converter delivers a fully regulated 12.50V, with a continuous power level of 1600W and has a peak power capability of up to 2320W for limited time.

This converter is designed for through-hole mounting using wave solder or pin-in-paste production, and incorporates a novel design of baseplate, which optimizes thermal performance while minimizing height.







## **Key features**

- High efficiency with 97.8%
- Non-isolated
- 12.50 V fully regulated
- Event data recorder (black-box)
- Parallel Operation with Droop load share
- Screwed baseplate
- Monotonic start-up
- Output over voltage protection
- Over temperature protection
- Output short-circuit protection
- Remote control
- PMBus configuration

#### Soldering methods

- Reflow soldering pin-in-paste
- Wave soldering
- Manual soldering

### Key electrical information

Parameter	Values
Input range	40-60 V
Output voltage	12.50 V
Output current	136 A
Peak current	200 A
Output power	1600 W
Peak power	2320 W

#### Mechanical

58.4 x 36.8 x 14.7 mm / 2.30 x 1.45 x 0.58 in

#### **Application areas**

• Datacom applications



# **Product options**

The table below describes the different product options.

Example:	BMR351	2	2	02	/803	Н	Definitions
Product family	BMR351						
Pin length options		2					0 = 5.33 mm / 0.21 in 2 = 3.69 mm / 0.15 in 3 = 4.57 mm / 0.18 in 4 = 2.79 mm / 0.11 in
Baseplate / HS option			2				0 = Open frame, 14.2 mm / 0.559 in height 2 = Baseplate closed deck, 14.7 mm / 0.58 in height
Other hardware options				02			02 = 7-pin digital header, Sense ±
Configuration code					/803		/803 = 12.50V <sub>out</sub> Optimized DLS configuration for 40-60V <sub>in</sub>
Packaging options						Н	E = soft tray, dry pack (PIP reflow soldering) H* = hard tray, dry pack (PIP reflow soldering) blank = foam tray (no dry pack, wave soldering) * hard tray only available for baseplate version

For more information, please refer to Part 3 Mechanical information.

If you do not find the variant you are looking for, please contact us at <u>Flex Power Modules</u>.

# Order number examples

Part number	Vin	Outputs	Configuration
BMR3512202/803H	40-60V	12.50V / 136A / 1600W	3.69 mm pins / 7-pin digital header, Sense ± / base late closed deck/ DLS / dry pack, hard tray



## Absolute maximum ratings

Stress in excess of our defined absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the converter. Absolute maximum ratings, also referred to as non-destructive limits, are normally tested with one parameter at a time exceeding the limits in the electrical specification.

Characteristics	min	typ	max	Unit
Operating temperature (T <sub>P1</sub> )	-40		+125	°C
Storage temperature	-55		+125	°C
Input voltage (Vin)	-0.5		+65	V
Input voltage transient (100 ms)			+80	V
Isolation voltage (input to output)			0	V
Isolation voltage (baseplate to output)			0	V
Remote control pin voltage	-0.3		5	V

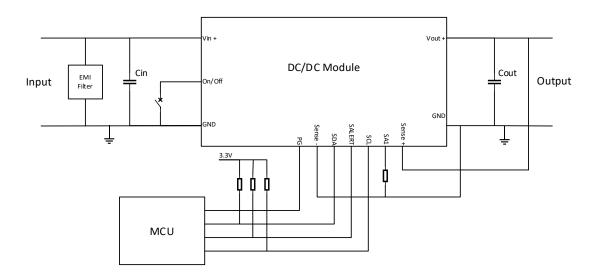
## Reliability

Failure rate ( $\lambda$ ) and mean time between failures (MTBF= 1/ $\lambda$ ) are calculated based on *Telcordia SR-332* Issue 4: Method 1, Case 3, (80% of  $I_{Out\_TDP}$ ,  $T_{P1}$ =40°C, Airflow=200 LFM).

	Mean	90% confidence level	Unit
Steady-state failure rate (λ)	131	159	nfailures/h
Standard deviation ( $\sigma$ )	22.4		nfailures/h
MTBF	7.65	6.28	MHr

## Typical application diagram

Capacitor values are defined in the Electrical Specification tables. The EMI filter is defined in the EMC Part 2.





## Electrical specifications for BMR351 XX02/803

## 12.50V, 136A (200A) $\leq 1600W$ (2320W)

Min and Max values are valid for:  $T_{P1}$  = -30 to +90°C,  $V_{in}$ = 40V to 60V, unless otherwise specified under conditions. Typical values given at:  $T_{P1}$  = +25°C,  $V_{in}$ = 54V, max  $P_{out\_TDP}$ , unless otherwise specified under conditions, see Note 1.

Additional external Cin = 220µF, Cout= 2mF

Additional external C <sub>in</sub> = 2.	<u>.</u>				
Characteristic	conditions	minimum	typical	maximum	unit
Key features					
	50% of Pout_TDP		97.8		%
	100% of Pout_TDP		96.9		%
Efficiency (ŋ)	50% of P <sub>out_TDP</sub> V <sub>in</sub> = 48 V		97.9		%
	100% of P <sub>out_TDP</sub> V <sub>in</sub> = 48 V		96.9		%
$P_{\text{out\_TDP}}$ thermal design power (TDP)	See Note 1			1600	W
$P_{out\_MAX}$ peak power ( $t \le 0.5s$ )	See Note 1			2320	W
Power dissipation	100% of Pout_TDP		51	70	W
Switching frequency (fs)	0-100 % of P <sub>out_TDP</sub>		150		kHz
Recommend capacitive load	See Note 2	2000		20000	μF
Input characteristics					
Input voltage range (V <sub>in</sub> )		40		60	٧
Input idling power	P <sub>out</sub> = 0 W		5.5	13	W
Input standby power	(turned off with RC)		552	768	mW
Input OVP			85		V
Internal input capacitance			90		μF
Recommended external input capacitance	See Note 3	220			μF

Note 1: Max. output current is rated at 136A. Max continuous power (thermal design power (TDP) is  $\leq$  1600W depending on thermal conditions.

Note 2: Minimum 2000uF OS-CON capacitor.

Note 3: Recomended to use 2x100µF electrolyte capacitor + 1x27µF OS-CON capacitor.



## Electrical specifications for BMR351 XX02/803

## 12.50V, 136A (200A) $\leq 1600W$ (2320W)

Min and Max values are valid for:  $T_{P1}$  = -30 to +90°C,  $V_{in}$ = 40V to 60V, unless otherwise specified under conditions. Typical values given at:  $T_{P1}$  = +25°C,  $V_{in}$ = 54V, max  $P_{out\_TDP}$ , unless otherwise specified under conditions, see Note 1.

Additional external Cin = 220µF, Cout= 2mF

Characteristic	conditions	minimum	typical	maximum	unit
Output characteristics					
Output voltage initial set- ting and accuracy	P <sub>out</sub> = 0 W	12.47	12.50	12.53	V
Output voltage tolerance band	$0 - 100\%$ of max $P_{out\_TDP}$ $V_{in} = 40-60 \text{ V}$	11.4		12.7	٧
Output adjust range	0-100% of max P <sub>out_TDP</sub>	8		13.2	V
Idling voltage	P <sub>out</sub> = 0 W, 54 V	12.27		12.69	V
Line regulation	V <sub>in</sub> = 40 - 60 V 0 - 100% of max P <sub>out_TDP</sub>		5	70	mV
Load regulation	0 - 100% of max P <sub>out_TDP</sub>		800	880	mV
Output current (Iout)	V <sub>in</sub> = 40 - 60 V	0		136	Α
Load transient voltage deviation	Load step 25-75-25% of		±440	±800	mV
Load transient recovery time	max $P_{out\_TDP}$ di/dt = 2.5 A/ $\mu$ s. See Note 2		100		μs
Output ripple & noise	max P <sub>out_TDP</sub> See Note 3		60	120	mV <sub>p-p</sub>

Note 1: Max. output current is rated at 136A. Max continuous power (thermal design power (TDP) is ≤ 1600W depending on thermal conditions.

Note 2: Cout is 2 x 1mF

Note 3: See Technical Reference doc: Design considerations



# Electrical specifications for BMR351 XX02/803

12.50V, 136A (200A)  $\leq 1600W$  (2320W)

Characteristic	conditions	minimum	typical	maximum	unit
On/off control					
Turn-off input voltage	Decreasing input voltage	34	35	36	٧
Turn-on input voltage	Increasing input voltage	36	37	38	٧
Ramp-up time (from 0–100% of V <sub>out</sub> )		7	10	13	ms
Start-up time (from $V_{\text{in}}$ connection to 90% of $V_{\text{out}}$ )			40		ms
RC start-up time			25		ms
Logic high: trigger level			1.4		V
Logic low: trigger level			1.3		V
Logic low: response time		0.1	0.2	0.3	ms
Sink current		0.4			mA
Protection features					
Current limit threshold (OCP)	T <sub>P1</sub> < max T <sub>P1</sub>	200	220	240	А
Output current limit (OCP) response time and type	Disable and do not retry		35		μs
Current limit threshold (Slow OCP)			163		А
Current limit Off Delay	Load step 136-170A. See note 1			200	ms
(Slow OCP)	Load step 136-200A. See note 1			70	ms
Output overvoltage protection (OVP)			14.2		٧
Output overvoltage protection (OVP) response time and type	Disabled until fault cleared		70		μs
Over temperature protection (OTP)	See note 2		125		°C
Over temperature protection (OTP) re-start	Disabled until fault cleared		90		°C

Note 1: Off Delay is dependent on averaging power level above TDP, 136A. Product is configured to allow 200A/2320W for max 200ms. High di/dt on load step up to peak power, might cause current overshot resulting in OCP fault. See Technical Reference Document Design & Application Guidelines for detailed information.

Note 2: Please attach thermocouple on NTC resistor to test OTP function, the hot spot (P1) temperature is just for reference.



# Electrical specifications for BMR351 XX02/803

12.50V, 136A (200A)  $\leq 1600W$  (2320W)

In the table below all PMBus are written in capital letters.

 $T_{P1}$  = -30 to +90°C,  $V_{in}$  = 40V to 60V, unless otherwise specified under conditions.

Typical values given at:  $T_{P1} = +25$ °C,  $V_{in} = 54$ V, max  $P_{out\_TDP}$ , unless otherwise specified under conditions

Command	Conditions	minimum	typical	maximum	Unit
Monitoring accuracy					
Input voltage READ_VIN			±125		mV
Output voltage READ_VOUT			±40		mV
Output current	T <sub>P1</sub> = 25 °C, V <sub>O</sub> = 12 V		±1		А
READ_IOUT	T <sub>P1</sub> = -20-120 °C, V <sub>O</sub> = 12 V		±5		А
Duty cycle READ_DUTY_CYCLE	No tolerance, Read value is the actual value applied by				
Temperature READ_TEMPERATURE_1	Temperature sensor, -20- 120 °C		±5		°C

For more detailed information please refer to Technical Reference Document: PMBus commands.

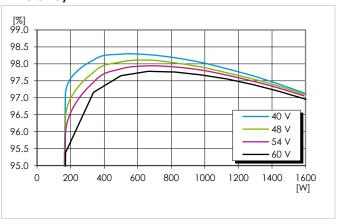
This product is supported by the Flex Power Designer tool.



## Electrical graphs for BMR351XX02/803

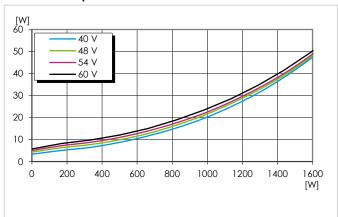
## 12.50V, 136A (200A) $\leq 1600W$ (2320W)

#### **Efficiency**



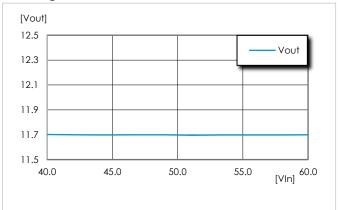
Efficiency vs. output power and input voltage at  $T_{P1}$  = +25°

#### **Power dissipation**



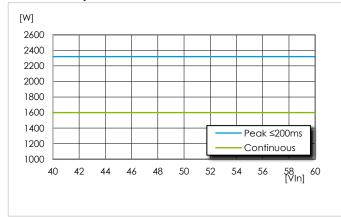
Dissipated power vs. output power at  $T_{P1} = +25$ °C

#### Line regulation



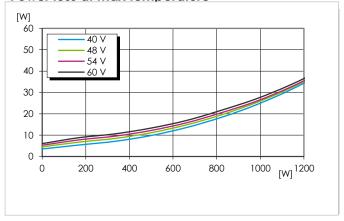
Output voltage vs. input voltage at  $T_{P1}$  = +90°C, 100% of max  $P_{\text{out,TDP}}$ 

## Available power



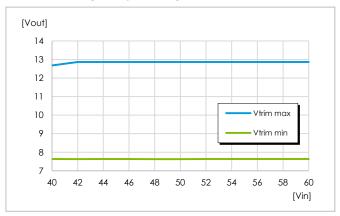
Available output power vs. input voltage, TP1 = +90°C

#### Power loss at max temperature



Dissipated power vs. output power and input voltage at  $T_{P1}$  = +90°C. Above 1600W only peak  $t \le 0.5$ s

#### Output voltage adjust range



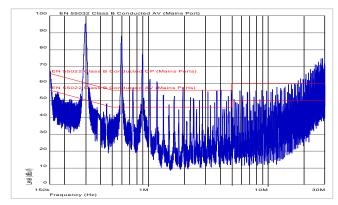
Max and min Vout trim vs Vin. At Pout\_TDP, 1600W



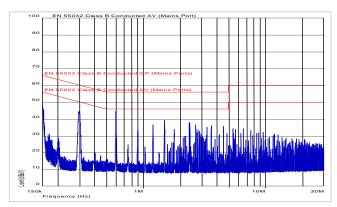
#### Part 2: EMC

## **EMC** specifications

Conducted EMI measured according to EN55022 / EN55032, CISPR 22 / CISPR 32 and FCC part 15J (see test set-up below). The fundamental switching frequency is 150kHz for BMR351. The EMI characteristics below is measured at  $V_{in}$  = 54V and max  $I_{out}$ .



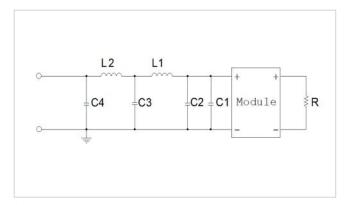
EMI without filter. EN55032 test method and limits are the same as EN55022.  $1000\mu F + 470uF 100V$  input capacitor and  $4000\mu F 16V$  OS-CON output capacitor used



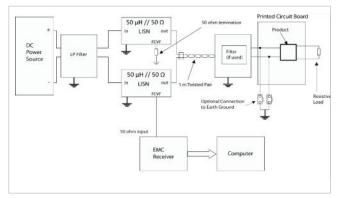
EMI with filter, EN55032 test methods and limits are the same as EN55022

## Optional external filter for Class B

Suggested external input filter in order to meet Class B in EN 55022 / EN 55032, CISPR 22 / CISPR 32 and FCC part 15J.



Filter components: C1 = 1000µF + 470µF (electrolyte) C2 = 2 x 2.2µF + 10µF C3 = 2 x 10µF C4 = 10µF L1 = 2.2µH L2 = 2.2µH



Test set-up

## Layout recommendations

The radiated EMI performance of the product will depend on the PWB layout and ground layer design. It is also important to consider the stand-off of the product. If a ground layer is used, it should be connected to the output of the product and the equipment ground or chassis.

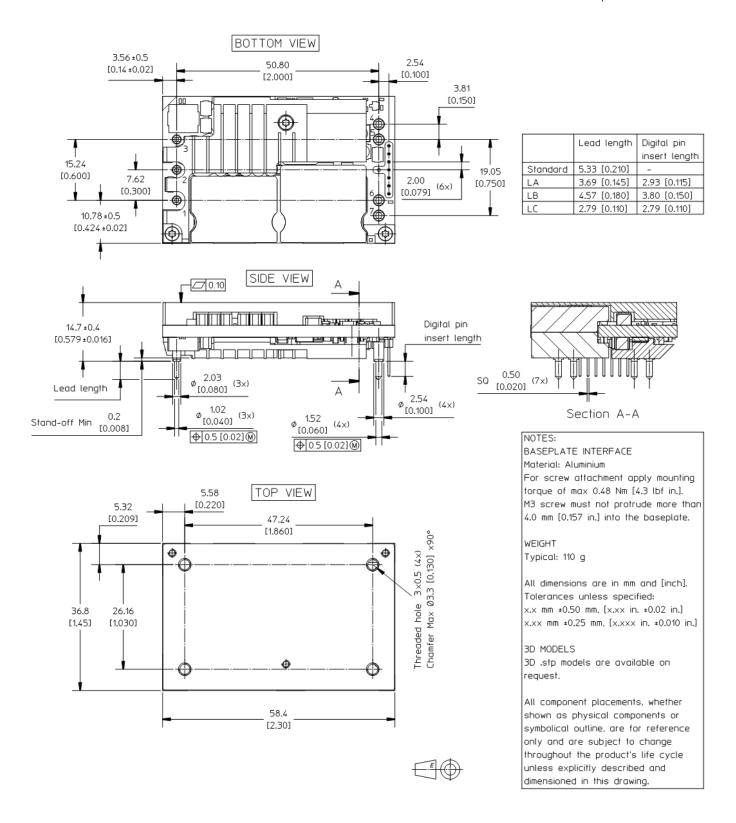
A ground layer will increase the stray capacitance in the PWB and improve the high frequency EMC performance.



## Part 3: Mechanical information

## BMR351X2XX/XXX: hole mounted, baseplate version

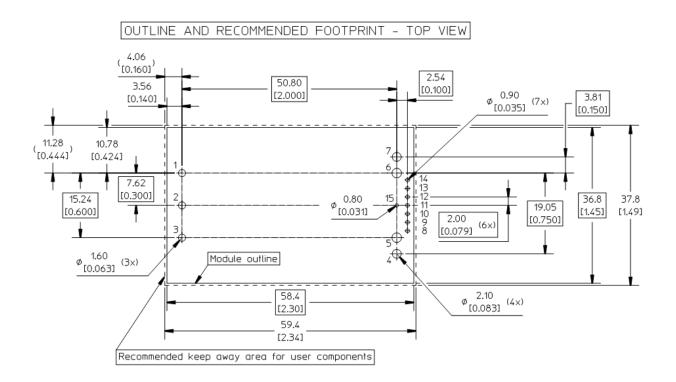
The mechanical information is based on a module which is hole mounted and has a baseplate.



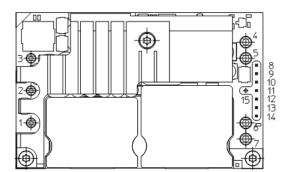


Part 3: Mechanical information

# Footprint and pin positions - BMR351X2XX/XXX: hole mounted, baseplate version



#### CONNECTIONS - BOTTOM VIEW



PIN SPECIFICATIONS:
Pin 1-3, 4-7 Material: Copper alloy Plating: Min Au 0.1 µm over Ni 1-3 µm
Pin 8-14 Material: Brass Plating: Min Au 0.1 µm over Ni 1-3 µm
Pin 15 Not mounted (Option)

Pin	Desig- nation	Function PCB pins
1	+ln	Positive Input
2	RC	Remote Control
3	-In	Negative Input
4	-Out	Negative Output
5	-Out	Negative Output
6	+Out	Positive Output
7	+Out	Positive Output

Pin	Desig- nation	Function 7 pin Connector
8	PG	Power Good
9	SENSE -	Remote Sense -
10	SDA	PMBus Data
11	SALERT	PMBus alert signal
12	SCL	PMBus Clock
13	SA1	PMBus Address 1
14	SENSE +	Remote Sense +



### Part 4: Thermal considerations

#### Thermal considerations

The products are designed to operate in different thermal environments and sufficient cooling must be provided to ensure reliable operation.

#### General

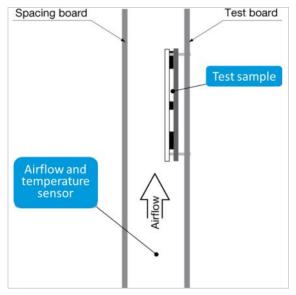
For products mounted on a PWB without a heatsink attached, cooling is achieved mainly by conduction, from the pins to the host board, and convection, which is dependent on the airflow across the product. Increased airflow enhances the cooling of the product. The wind speed and temperature are measured in a point upstream the device. The output current derating graphs found later in this section for each model provide the available output current vs. ambient air temperature and air velocity at  $V_{in} = 54 \text{ V}$ .

For products using any form of heatsink structure a top spacing board and side airflow guides are used to ensure airflow hitting the module and not diverted away.

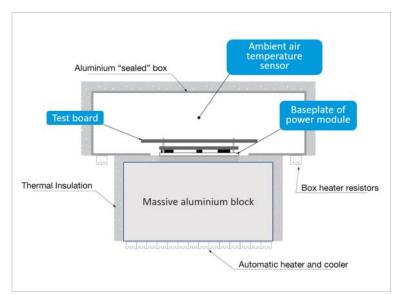
Distance between the tested device and the top space board and the side airflow guides are  $6.35 \text{ mm} \pm 1 \text{ mm}$ .

The product is tested on a  $185 \times 185$  mm,  $105 \, \mu m$  (3 oz), 6-layer test board mounted vertically in a wind tunnel.

For products with baseplate used in a sealed box/cold wall application, cooling is achieved mainly by conduction through the cold wall. The product is tested in a sealed box test set up with ambient temperatures 85°C. See Design Note 028 for further details.



Picture: general test set-up



Picture: cold wall test set-up



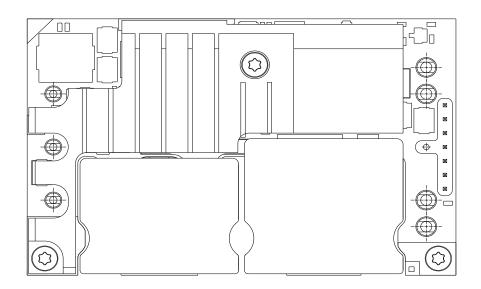
Part 4: Thermal considerations

#### Definition of product operating temperature

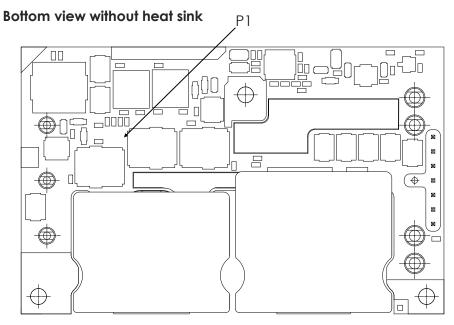
Proper thermal conditions can be verified by measuring the temperature at position P1 as shown below. The temperature at this position  $(T_{P1})$  should not exceed the maximum temperatures in the table below. The number of measurement points may vary with different thermal design and topology. Temperatures above maximum  $T_{P1}$ , measured at the reference point P1 are not allowed and may cause permanent damage. See Note 1.

Position	Description	Max. Temp.
Pl	PWB reference point	T <sub>P1</sub> = 125°C

#### Bottom view with heat sink







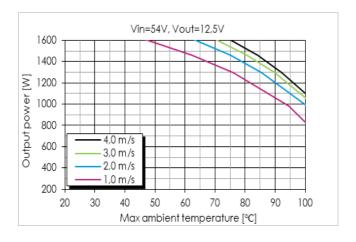
Note 1: Heat sink needs to be unscrewed in order to attach thermal probe to the component lead.



#### Part 4: Thermal considerations

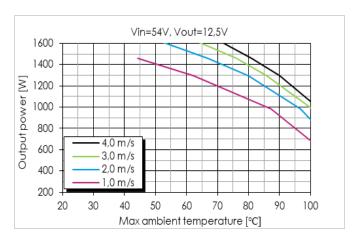
## Thermal graphs

#### Output power derating - 1.0 inch heatsink



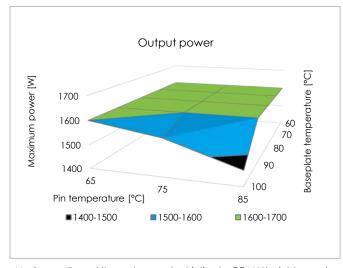
Available output power vs. ambient air temperature and airflow. Airflow Direction -IN to +IN.

#### Output power derating - 0.5 inch heatsink



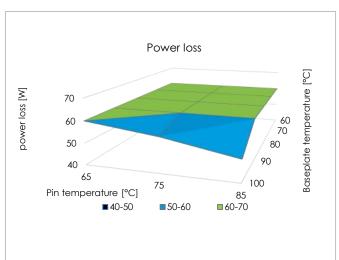
Available output power vs. ambient air temperature and airflow. Airflow Direction -IN to +IN.

#### **Maximum Output Power**



 $\label{thm:maximum} \textit{Maximum allowed thermal power (restriction by POMAX might occur)}.$ 

### **Maximum Allowed Power Loss**



Available output power vs. pin and baseplate temperature. See Thermal Consideration section.

For more information, please refer to our <u>thermal models</u> on the website.



# Part 5: Packaging Packaging information

H option: Select for PIP reflo	w solder and
pick & place - dry packed	(Baseplate
version)	

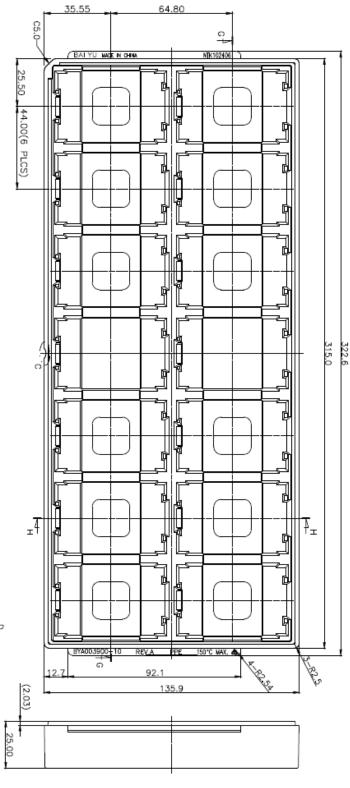
10131011				
Material	Antistatic Polyphenylene Ester (PPE)			
Surface resistance	$\geq$ 1 x 10 <sup>4</sup> to < 1 x 10 <sup>11</sup> ohms			
Bakabilty	Tray can be baked at max. 125 °C for 24 h. Please remove fitment before baking if attached.			
Tray capacity	14 converters/tray			
Box capacity	42 products (3 full trays/box)			
Tray weight	215 g empty tray, 1800g full tray.			

JEDEC standard tray. All dimensions in mm

Tolerances: X.x ±0.26 [0.01], X.xx ±0.13 [0.005]

**Note**: Pick up positions refer to center of pocket.

See <u>mechanical drawing</u> for exact location on product.



Example hard tray (14 pcs)

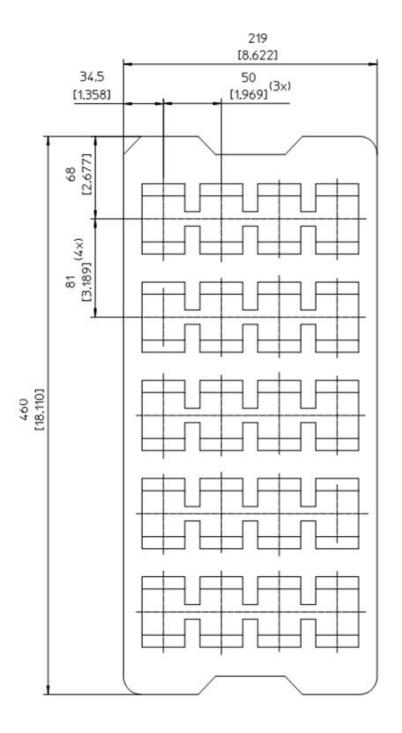
Example hard tray (14 pcs)



Part 5: Packaging

# **Packaging information**

<b>Blank option: S</b> elect for wave or hand soldering, NOT dry packed.				
Material	Antistatic Polyethylene (PE foam			
Surface resistance	≥ 1 x 10 <sup>4</sup> to < 1 x 10 <sup>11</sup> ohms			
Bakabilty	Tray cannot be baked			
Tray capacity	20 converters / tray			
Box capacity	60 products (3 full trays/box)			
Weight	48 g empty tray, 2248 g full tray.			



Example PE foam tray



# Part 6: Revision history Revision table

Revision number	revision change	date	revisor
Rev. A	New TS document	2024-11-15	jidjajia
Rev. B	Minor formatting updates	2024-11-15	kartwaer

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Flex Power Modules, a buiness line of Flex, is a leading manufacturer and solution provider of scalable DC/DC converter primarily serving the data processing, communications, industrial and transportation markets. Offering a wide range of both isolated and non-isolated solutions, its digitally-enabled DC/DC converters include PMBus compatibility supported by the powerful Flex Power Designer.









