PKU4116HD Series DC-DC Converters	1/28701-BMR67509 Rev.A	Sept 2021
Input 36-60 V, Output up to 2 A / 110 W	© Flex	

Key Features

- Industry standard low profile 1/16 brick 33.02 x 22.86 x 9.80 mm (1.3 x 0.9 x 0.38 in)
- High efficiency, typical 92.4% at 48Vin, full load
- 2250 Vdc input to output isolation
- Pre-bias start up
- Meets safety requirements according to IEC/EN/UL 62368-1
- MTBF 16.07 Million hours

General Characteristics

- Monotonic start-up
- Remote control
- Output over voltage protection
- Over temperature protection
- Over current protection
- · Highly automated manufacturing ensures quality
- ISO 9001/14001 certified supplier

Safety Approvals



Design for Environment



Meets requirements in hightemperature lead-free soldering processes.

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55 V, 2 A /	110 W
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PKU4116HD5

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PKU4116HD Series DC-DC Converters Input 36-60 V, Output up to 2 A / 110 W

Ordering Information

Product program	Output
PKU4116HD	55 V, 2 A / 110 W

Product number and Packaging

PKU4116H	ID n₁n	2 n 3 n 4 i	15N6			
Options	n ₁	n ₂	n ₃	n4	n ₅	n ₆
Mounting	0					
Remote Control logic		0				
Baseplate			0			
Optional part				0		
Pin length					0	
Delivery package information						0

Options	Description	'n					
n ₁	SI PI	Surface mount Through hole					
n ₂	Р	Negative * Positive					
n ₃		Open frame *					
n ₄	OP	Optional part					
n ₅	LC	2.79 mm					
n ₆	/C	Tape and Reel					

Example: a through hole mounted 55V/2A product with open frame, negative logic, 2.79mm pin length with tape and reel package would be PKU4116HDPIOPLC/C

* Standard variant (i.e. no option selected).

General Information

Reliability

The failure rate (λ) and mean time between failures (MTBF= 1/ λ) is calculated at max output power and an operating ambient temperature (T_A) of +40°C. Flex Power Modules uses Telcordia SR-332 Issue 4 Method 1 to calculate the mean steady-state failure rate and standard deviation (σ).

Telcordia SR-332 Issue 4 also provides techniques to estimate the upper confidence levels of failure rates based on the mean and standard deviation.

Mean steady-state failure	Std. deviation, σ
62 nFailures/h	6.4 nFailures/h

MTBF (mean value) for the PKU4116HD series = 16.07 Mh. MTBF at 90% confidence level = 14.20 Mh

Compatibility with RoHS requirements

© Flex

The products are compatible with the relevant clauses and requirements of the RoHS directive 2011/65/EU and have a maximum concentration value of 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials for lead, mercury, hexavalent chromium, PBB and PBDE and of 0.01% by weight in homogeneous materials for cadmium.

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Exemptions in the RoHS directive utilized in Flex Power Modules products are found in the Statement of Compliance document.

Flex Power Modules fulfills and will continuously fulfill all its obligations under regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the registration, evaluation, authorization and restriction of chemicals (REACH) as they enter into force and is through product materials declarations preparing for the obligations to communicate information on substances in the products.

Quality Statement

The products are designed and manufactured in an industrial environment where quality systems and methods like ISO 9000, Six Sigma, and SPC are intensively in use to boost the continuous improvements strategy. Infant mortality or early failures in the products are screened out and they are subjected to an ATE-based final test. Conservative design rules, design reviews and product qualifications, plus the high competence of an engaged work force, contribute to the high quality of the products.

Warranty

Warranty period and conditions are defined in Flex Power Modules General Terms and Conditions of Sale.

Limitation of Liability

Flex Power Modules does not make any other warranties, expressed or implied including any warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose (including, but not limited to, use in life support applications, where malfunctions of product can cause injury to a person's health or life).

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Input 36-60 V, Output up to 2 A / 110 W	© Flex	

Safety Specification

General information

Flex Power DC/DC converters and DC/DC regulators are designed in accordance with the safety standards IEC 62368-1, EN 62368-1 and UL 62368-1 *Audio/video, information and communication technology equipment - Part 1: Safety requirements*

IEC/EN/UL 62368-1 contains requirements to prevent injury or damage due to the following hazards:

- Electrical shock
- Electrically-caused fire
- · Injury caused by hazardous substances
- Mechanically-caused injury
- Skin burn
- Radiation-caused injury

On-board DC/DC converters, Power interface modules and DC/DC regulators are defined as component power supplies. As components they cannot fully comply with the provisions of any safety requirements without "conditions of acceptability". Clearance between conductors and between conductors on the board in the final product must meet the applicable safety requirements. Certain conditions of acceptability apply for component power supplies with limited stand-off (see Mechanical Information for further information). It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the final product housing these components complies with the requirements of all applicable safety standards and regulations for the final product.

Component power supplies for general use shall comply with the requirements in IEC/EN/UL 62368-1. Product related standards, e.g. IEEE 802.3af *Power over Ethernet*, and ETS-300132-2 *Power interface at the input to telecom equipment, operated by direct current (dc)* are based on IEC/EN/UL 60950-1 with regards to safety.

Flex Power DC/DC converters, Power interface modules and DC/DC regulators are UL 62368-1 recognized and certified in accordance with EN 62368-1. The flammability rating for all construction parts of the products meet requirements for V-0 class material according to IEC 60695-11-10, *Fire hazard testing, test flames* – 50 W horizontal and vertical flame test methods.

Isolated DC/DC converters

The product may provide basic or functional insulation between input and output according to IEC/EN/UL 62368-1 (see Safety Certificate), different conditions shall be met if the output of a basic or a functional insulated product shall be considered as ES1 energy source.

For basic insulated products (see Safety Certificate) the output is considered as ES1 energy source if one of the following conditions is met:

- The input source provides supplementary or double or reinforced insulation from the AC mains according to IEC/EN/UL 62368-1.
- The input source provides functional or basic insulation from the AC mains and the product's output is reliably connected to protective earth according to IEC/EN/UL 62368-1.

For functional insulated products (see Safety Certificate) the output is considered as ES1 energy source if one of the following conditions is met:

- The input source provides double or reinforced insulation from the AC mains according to IEC/EN/UL 62368-1.
- The input source provides basic or supplementary insulation from the AC mains and the product's output is reliably connected to protective earth according to IEC/EN/UL 62368-1.
- The input source is reliably connected to protective earth and provides basic or supplementary insulation according to IEC/EN/UL 62368-1 and the maximum input source voltage is 60 Vdc.

Galvanic isolation between input and output is verified in an electric strength test and the isolation voltage (V_{iso}) meets the voltage strength requirement for basic insulation according to IEC/EN/UL 62368-1.

It is recommended to use a slow blow fuse at the input of each DC/DC converter. If an input filter is used in the circuit the fuse should be placed in front of the input filter. In the rare event of a component problem that imposes a short circuit on the input source, this fuse will provide the following functions:

- Isolate the fault from the input power source so as not to affect the operation of other parts of the system
- Protect the distribution wiring from excessive current and power loss thus preventing hazardous overheating

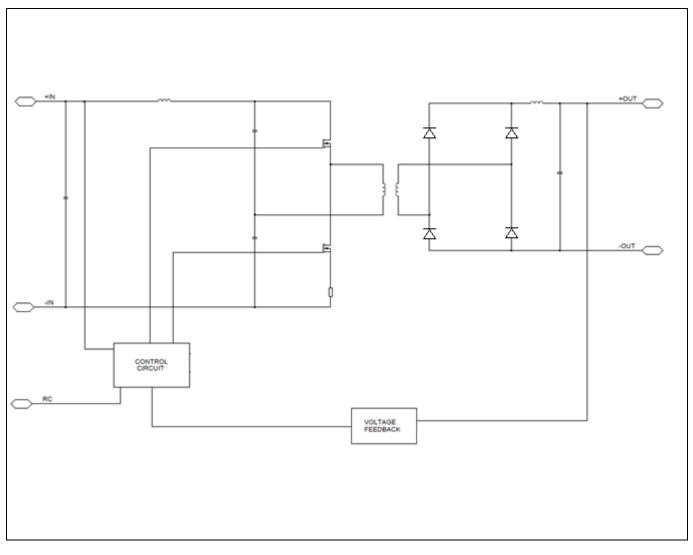
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Input 36-60 V, Output up to 2 A / 110 W	© Flex	

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Charac	teristics		min	typ	max	Unit		
T _{P1}	Operating Temperature (see Thermal Consid	leration section)	-40		+125	°C		
Ts	Storage temperature	Storage temperature						
VI	Input voltage	-0.5		+65	V			
C _{out}	Output capacitance	Output capacitance						
V _{iso}	Isolation voltage (input to output test voltage)				2250	Vdc		
V _{tr}	Input voltage transient according to ETSI EN	300 132-2 and Telcordia GR-1089-CORE			80	V		
V	Remote Control pin voltage	Positive logic option	-0.5		6	V		
V _{RC}	(see Operating Information section)	Negative logic option	-0.5		6	V		

Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the Electrical Specification section of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Fundamental Circuit Diagram



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Electrical Specification 55 V, 2 A / 110 W

 T_{P1} = -40 to +95°C, V₁ = 36 to 60 V, unless otherwise specified under Conditions. Typical values given at: T_{P1} = +25°C, V₁ = 53 V max I_o, unless otherwise specified under Conditions. Additional C_{in} = 100 µF, C_{out} = 47 µF. See Operating Information section for selection of capacitor types

Chara	cteristics	Conditions min typ max		Unit		
Vı	Input voltage range		36		60	V
V _{loff}	Turn-off input voltage	Decreasing input voltage	31	32	34	V
Vlon	Turn-on input voltage	Increasing input voltage	34	35	36	V
Cı	Internal input capacitance	V _I = 53 V		3		μF
Po	Output power		0		110	W
	Efficiency	50% of max $I_{\rm O}$		90.5		%
2		max I _o		92.0		
η		50% of max I_0 , V_1 = 48 V		91.5		
		max I _o , V _i = 48 V		92.4		
Pd	Power Dissipation	max I _o		10	12	W
Pli	Input idling power	I _O = 0 A, V _I = 53 V		0.5		W
P _{RC}	Input standby power	V _I = 53 V (turned off with RC)		0.5		W
fs	Ripple frequency	0-100 % of max I ₀	462	500	538	kHz

V _{Oi}	Output voltage initial setting and accuracy	T_{P1} = +25°C, V _I = 53 V, I _O = 2 A	53.9	55	56.1	V
	Output voltage tolerance band	0-100% of max I _o	53.35		57.75	V
V	Idling voltage	I _O = 0 A	53.9		57.75	V
Vo	Line regulation	V _I = 36-60 V, max I ₀		10	100	mV
	Load regulation	$V_{\rm I}$ = 53 V, 0-100% of max $I_{\rm O}$		10	100	mV
V _{tr}	Load transient voltage deviation	V ₁ = 53 V, Load step 25-75-25% of max I ₀ , di/dt = 1 A/µs, C _{out} = 100 µF		1.2	2.5	V
t _{tr}	Load transient recovery time			2	5	ms
tr	Ramp-up time (from 10–90% of V _{Oi})	0-100% of max Io		19	25	ms
t _s	Start-up time (from V_1 connection to 90% of V_{Oi})	0-100 /0 01 max 1 ₀		24	30	ms
t _{RC}	RC start-up time (from V_{RC} connection to 90% of V_{Oi})	max I _o		24	30	ms
	Sink current, see Note 1	See operating information	0.5			mA
RC	Logic high voltage		3.3		5	V
NC	Logic low voltage		0		0.8	V
	Response time		0.1		0.5	ms
lo	Output current		0		2	Α
l _{lim}	Current limit threshold	$T_{P1} = +25^{\circ}C, V_1 = 53 V$	2.2	2.5	2.8	А
l _{sc}	Short circuit current	T _{P1} = 25°C, see Note 2		2		А
Cout	Recommended Capacitive Load	T _{P1} = 25°C, see Note 3	47		2200	μF
V_{Oac}	Output ripple & noise	See ripple & noise section, V_{Oi}		150	300	mVp-p
OVP	Over voltage protection	T _{P1} = +25°C, V _I = 53 V, 50% of max I _O		58	60	V

Note 1: Sink current drawn by external device connected to the RC pin

Note 2: RMS current at OCP in hiccup mode

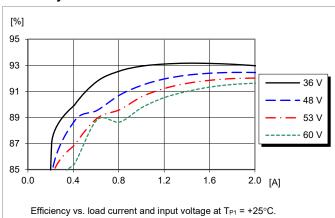
Note 3: Aluminium type

PKU4116HD

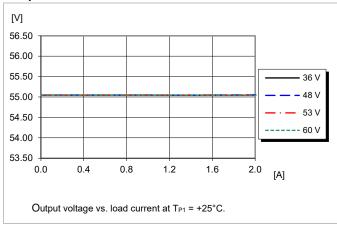
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Typical Characteristics 55 V, 2 A / 110 W

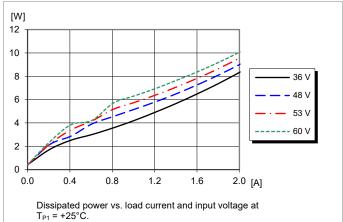
Efficiency



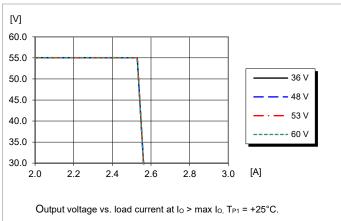
Output Characteristics



Power Dissipation



Current Limit Characteristics



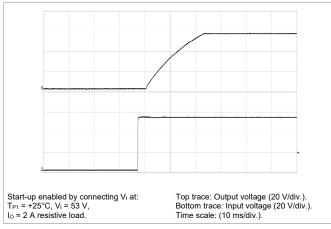
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PKU4116HD

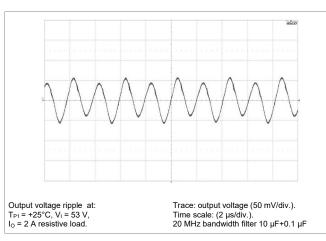
PKU4116HD Series DC-DC Converters	1/28701-BMR67509 Rev.A S	Sept 2021
Input 36-60 V, Output up to 2 A / 110 W	© Flex	

Typical Characteristics 55 V, 2 A / 110 W

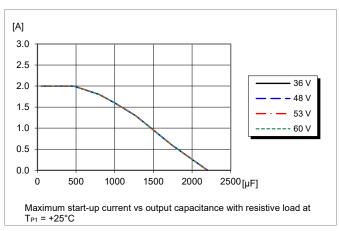
Start-up



Output Ripple & Noise

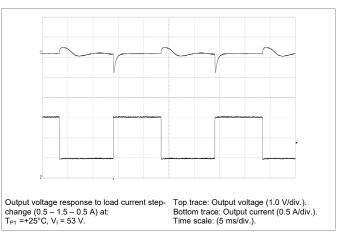


Maximum start-up current vs. Output capacitance



Shut-down

Output Load Transient Response



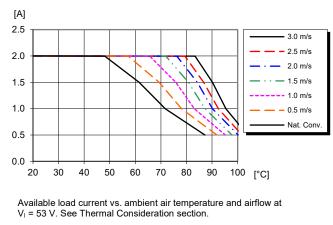
PKU4116HD

Technical Specification

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Typical Characteristics 55 V, 2 A / 110 W

Output Current Derating – Open frame



[°C/W] 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 3.0 [m/s] 0.0 0.5 1.0 1.5 2.0 2.5 Thermal resistance vs. airspeed measured at the converter. Tested in wind tunnel with airflow and test conditions as per the Thermal consideration section. VI = 53 V.

Thermal Resistance – Open frame

8

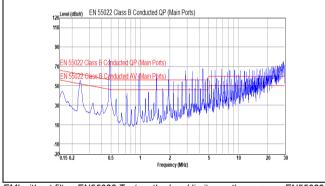
PKU4116HD

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EMC Specification

Conducted EMI measured according to EN 55022/EN 55032, CISPR 22/CISPR 23 and FCC part 15J (see test set-up). See Design Note 029 for further information. The fundamental switching frequency is 500 kHz for PKU4116HD. The EMI characteristics below is measured at $V_I = 53$ V and max I₀.

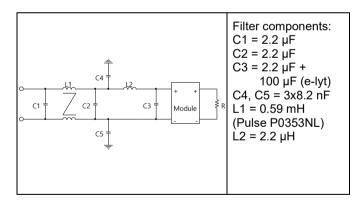
Conducted EMI Input terminal value (typ)

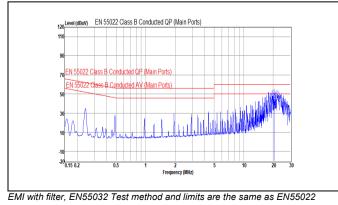


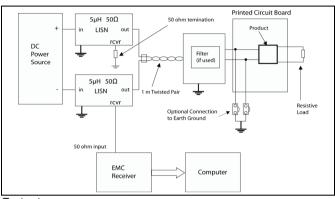
EMI without filter, EN55032 Test method and limits are the same as EN55022

Optional external filter for class B

Suggested external input filter in order to meet class B in EN 55022, CISPR 22 and FCC part 15J.









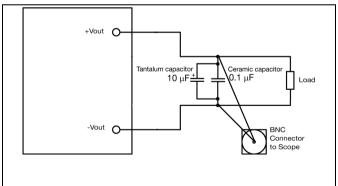
Layout recommendations

The radiated EMI performance of the product will depend on the PWB layout and ground layer design. It is also important to consider the stand-off of the product. If a ground layer is used, it should be connected to the output of the product and to the equipment ground or chassis.

A ground layer will increase the stray capacitance in the PWB and improve the high frequency EMC performance.

Output ripple and noise

Output ripple and noise is measured according to figure below. See Design Note 022 for detailed information.



Output ripple and noise test setup

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Operating information

Input Voltage

The input voltage range 36 to 60 Vdc meets the requirements of the European Telecom Standard ETS 300 132-2 for normal input voltage range in -48 and -60 Vdc systems, -40.5 to -57 V and -50 to -72 V respectively.

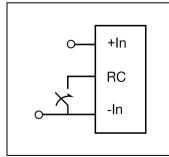
At input voltages exceeding 60 V, the power loss will be higher than at normal input voltage and T_{P1} must be limited to absolute max +125°C. The absolute maximum continuous input voltage is 65 Vdc

Short duration transient disturbances can occur on the DC distribution and input of the product when a short circuit fault occurs on the equipment side of a protective device (fuse or circuit breaker). The voltage level, duration and energy of the disturbance are dependent on the particular DC distribution network characteristics and can be sufficient to damage the product unless measures are taken to suppress or absorb this energy. The transient voltage can be limited by capacitors and other energy absorbing devices like Zener diodes connected across the positive and negative input conductors at a number of strategic points in the distribution network. The end-user must secure that the transient voltage will not exceed the value stated in the Absolute maximum ratings. ETSI TR 100 283 examines the parameters of DC distribution networks and provides guidelines for controlling the transient and reduce its harmful effect.

Turn-off Input Voltage

The products monitor the input voltage and will turn on and turn off at predetermined levels. The minimum hysteresis between turn on and turn off input voltage is 2.5 V.

Remote Control (RC)



The products are fitted with a remote control function referenced to the primary negative input connection (-In), with negative and positive logic options available. The RC function allows the product to be turned on/off by an external device like a semiconductor or mechanical switch.

The RC pin has an internal pull up resistor of 10 k Ω to +5 V. The external device must provide a minimum required sink current to guarantee a voltage not higher than maximum voltage on the RC pin (see Electrical characteristics table). When the RC pin is left open, the voltage generated on the RC pin is 5 V.

The standard product is provided with "negative logic" RC. To turn off the product the RC pin should be left open, or connected to a voltage higher than 3.3 V referenced to -In. In situations where it is desired to have the product to power up automatically without the need for control signals or a switch, the RC pin can be wired directly to -In. To turn on the product the RC pin should be lower than 0.8 V referenced to -In.

The second option is "positive logic" remote control, which can be ordered by adding the suffix "P" to the end of the part number. When the RC pin is left open, the product starts up automatically when the input voltage is applied. Turn off is achieved by connecting the RC pin to the –In, or a voltage lower than 0.8 V referenced to -In. The product will restart automatically when this connection is opened.

The RC function incorporates a short delay in order to not trigger on glitches. Typically, this filter has a settling time of 0.1-0.5 ms. This setup reduces the risk that the noise may cause the converter to shut down or power up accidently. See Design Note 021 for detailed information.

Input and Output Impedance

The impedance of both the input source and the load will interact with the impedance of the product. It is important that the input source has low characteristic impedance. The products are designed for stable operation with a minimum of 100 µF external capacitors connected to the input. The electrolytic capacitors will be degraded in low temperature and the ESR value may increase. The needed input capacitance in low temperature should be equivalent to 100 µF at 20° C. This means that the input capacitor value may need to be substantially larger to guarantee a stable input at low temperatures. The performance in some applications can be enhanced by addition of external capacitance as described under External Decoupling Capacitors. The minimum required capacitance value depends on the output power and the input voltage. The higher output power the higher input capacitance is needed.

External Decoupling Capacitors

When powering loads with significant dynamic current requirements, the voltage regulation at the load can be improved by addition of decoupling capacitors at the load. The most effective technique is to locate low ESR ceramic and electrolytic capacitors as close to the load as possible, using several parallel capacitors to lower the effective ESR. The ceramic capacitors will handle high-frequency dynamic load changes while the electrolytic capacitors are used to handle low frequency dynamic load changes. It is equally important to use low resistance and low inductance PWB layouts and cabling.

External decoupling capacitors will become part of the product's control loop. The control loop is optimized for a wide range of external capacitance and the maximum and minimum recommended value that could be used without any additional analysis is found in the Electrical specification. The ESR of the capacitors is a very important parameter. Stable operation is guaranteed with a verified ESR value of >10 m Ω across the

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output connections.

For further information please contact your local Flex Power Modules representative.

Parallel Operation

This product is not designed for paralleling without using external current sharing circuits. See Design Note 006 for detailed information.

Over Temperature Protection (OTP)

The products are protected from thermal overload by an internal over temperature shutdown circuit. When T_{P1} as defined in thermal consideration section exceeds 135°C the product will shut down. The product will make continuous attempts to start up (non-latching mode) and resume normal operation automatically when the temperature has dropped >10°C below the temperature threshold.

Over Voltage Protection (OVP)

The products have output over voltage protection that will limit the output voltage in an over voltage situation. The product will resume normal operation automatically after removal of the over voltage condition. However, at certain conditions the output voltage can be limited to a lower output voltage than the stated OVP level, for example at low input voltage or high output current.

Over Current Protection (OCP)

The products include current limiting circuitry for protection at continuous overload. The OCP works in a hiccup mode and will make continous attempts to start up and will resume normal operation automatically after removal of the over current condition. The load distribution should be designed for the specified maximum output short circuit current.

Pre-bias Start-up

The product has a Pre-bias start up functionality and will not sink current during start up if a pre-bias load is present at the output terminals. This product use a controller with an improved protection feature that can sense if a negative current are running trough the module. The controller will also stop transfering energy to the secondary side if the output is fully charged.

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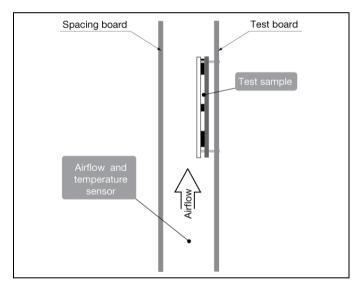
Thermal Consideration

General

The products are designed to operate in different thermal environments and sufficient cooling must be provided to ensure reliable operation.

For products mounted on a PWB without a baseplate attached. cooling is achieved mainly by conduction from the pins to the host board, and convection, which is dependent on the airflow across the product. Increased airflow enhances the cooling of the product. The Output Current Derating graph found in the Output section for each model provides the available output current vs. ambient air temperature and air velocity at $V_1 = 53 V_.$

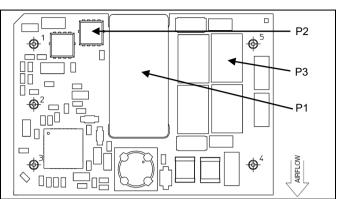
The product is tested on a 254 x 254 mm, 35 µm (1 oz), 16-layer test board mounted vertically in a wind tunnel with a cross-section of 608 x 203 mm.



Definition of product operating temperature

The temperature at the positions (T_{P1}, T_{P2}, T_{P3}) should not exceed the maximum temperatures in the table below. The number of measurement points may vary with different thermal design and topology. Temperatures above maximum measured at the reference point P1, P2, P3 are not allowed and may cause permanent damage.

Position	Description	Max Temp.
P1	Transformer	T _{P1} =125° C
P2	MOSFET	T _{P2} =125° C
P3	Diode	Т _{Р3} =125° С



Top side (open frame module)

Ambient Temperature Calculation

For products with base plate the maximum allowed ambient temperature can be calculated by using the thermal resistance.

1. The power loss is calculated by using the formula $((1/n) - 1) \times$ output power = power losses (Pd). n = efficiency of product. E.g. 92.0% = 0.92

2. Find the thermal resistance (Rth) in the Thermal Resistance graph found in the Output section for each model. Note that the thermal resistance can be significantly reduced if a heat sink is mounted on the top of the base plate.

Calculate the temperature increase (ΔT). $\Delta T = Rth x Pd$

3. Max allowed ambient temperature is: Max $T_{P1} - \Delta T$.

E.g. PKU4116HD at 1m/s:

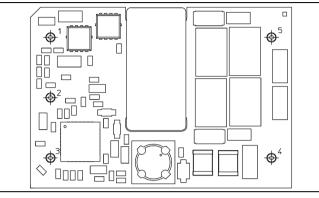
1. ((____) - 1) × 110 W = 9.6 W 0.92

- 2. 9.6 W × 5.9 °C/W = 56.6 °C
- 3. 125°C 56.6°C = max ambient temperature is 68.4°C

The actual temperature will be dependent on several factors such as the PWB size, number of layers and direction of airflow.

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Input 36-60 V, Output up to 2 A / 110 W	© Flex	

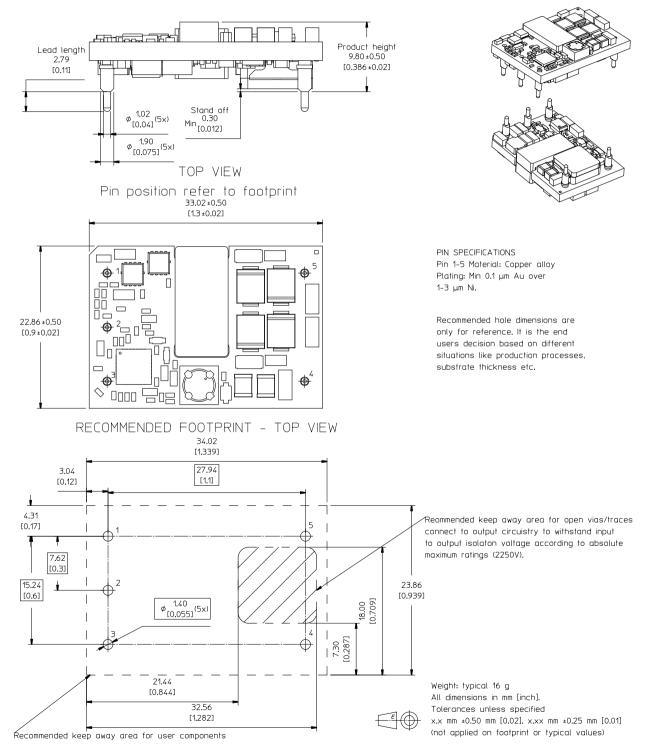
Connections



Pin	Designation	Function
1	+In	Positive Input
2	RC	Remote Control
3	-In	Negative Input
4	-Out	Negative Output
5	+Out	Positive Output

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Mechanical Information – PKU4116HDPIOPLC



All component placements – whether shown as physical components or symbolical outline – are for reference only and are subject to change throughout the product's life cycle, unless explicitly described and dimensioned in this drawing.

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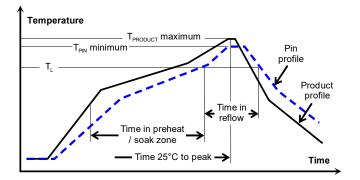
Soldering Information - Hole Mount through Pin in Paste Assembly

The product is intended for forced convection or vapor phase reflow soldering in SnPb and Pb-free processes.

The reflow profile should be optimised to avoid excessive heating of the product. It is recommended to have a sufficiently extended preheat time to ensure an even temperature across the host PWB and it is also recommended to minimize the time in reflow.

A no-clean flux is recommended to avoid entrapment of cleaning fluids in cavities inside the product or between the product and the host board, since cleaning residues may affect long time reliability and isolation voltage.

General reflow process specificat	ions	SnPb eutectic	Pb-free
Average ramp-up (TPRODUCT)		3°C/s max	3°C/s max
Typical solder melting (liquidus) temperature	T∟	183°C	221°C
Minimum reflow time above T_{L}		60 s	60 s
Minimum pin temperature	T _{PIN}	210°C	235°C
Peak product temperature	TPRODUCT	225°C	260°C
Average ramp-down (TPRODUCT)		6°C/s max	6°C/s max
Maximum time 25°C to peak		6 minutes	8 minutes



Minimum Pin Temperature Recommendations

Pin number 4 is chosen as reference location for the minimum pin temperature recommendation since this will likely be the coolest solder joint during the reflow process.

SnPb solder processes

For SnPb solder processes, a pin temperature (T_{PIN}) in excess of the solder melting temperature, (T_L, 183°C for Sn63Pb37) for more than 60 seconds and a peak temperature of 220°C is recommended to ensure a reliable solder joint.

For dry packed products only: depending on the type of solder paste and flux system used on the host board, up to a recommended maximum temperature of 245°C could be used, if the products are kept in a controlled environment (dry pack handling and storage) prior to assembly.

ead-free (Pb-free) solder processes

For Pb-free solder processes, a pin temperature (T_{PIN}) in excess of the solder melting temperature (T_L, 217 to 221°C for

SnAgCu solder alloys) for more than 60 seconds and a peak temperature of 245°C on all solder joints is recommended to ensure a reliable solder joint.

Maximum Product Temperature Requirements

Top of the product PWB near pin 2 is chosen as reference location for the maximum (peak) allowed product temperature ($T_{PRODUCT}$) since this will likely be the warmest part of the product during the reflow process.

SnPb solder processes

For SnPb solder processes, the product is qualified for MSL 1 according to IPC/JEDEC standard J-STD-020C.

During reflow T_{PRODUCT} must not exceed 225 °C at any time.

Pb-free solder processes

For Pb-free solder processes, the product is qualified for MSL 3 according to IPC/JEDEC standard J-STD-020C.

During reflow TPRODUCT must not exceed 260 °C at any time.

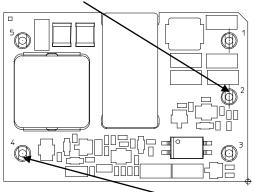
Dry Pack Information

Products intended for Pb-free reflow soldering processes are delivered in standard moisture barrier bags according to IPC/JEDEC standard J-STD-033 (Handling, packing, shipping and use of moisture/reflow sensitivity surface mount devices).

Using products in high temperature Pb-free soldering processes requires dry pack storage and handling. In case the products have been stored in an uncontrolled environment and no longer can be considered dry, the modules must be baked according to J-STD-033.

Thermocoupler Attachment

Top of PWB near pin 2 for measurement of maximum product temperature, $T_{\mbox{PRODUCT}}$



Pin 4 for measurement of minimum pin (solder joint) temperature, TPIN

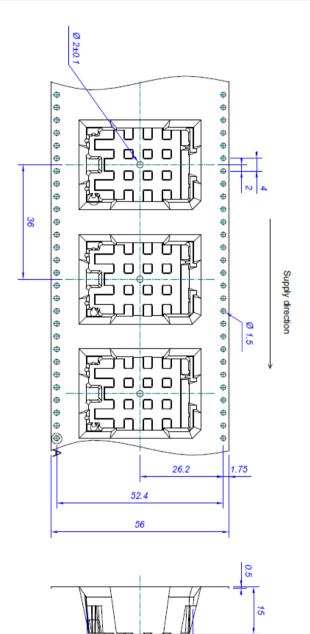
Technical Specification

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Delivery Package Information

The products are delivered in antistatic carrier tape (EIA 481 standard).

Carrier Tape Specification – PKU4116HD		
Material	Antistatic PS	
Surface resistance	10 ⁵ < Ohm/square < 10 ¹¹	
Bakeability	The tape is not bakeable	
Tape width, W	W 56 mm [2.205 inch]	
Pocket pitch, P1	cket pitch, P1 36 mm [1.417 inch]	
Pocket depth, K ₀	15.0 mm [0.59 inch]	
Reel diameter	330 mm [13 inch]	
Reel capacity	100 products /reel	
Reel weight	2,2 kg/full reel estimate	



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Input 36-60 V, Output up to 2 A / 110 W	© 2 A / 110 W © Flex	

Product Qualification Specification

Characteristics			
External visual inspection	IPC-A-610		
Change of temperature (Temperature cycling)	IEC 60068-2-14 Na	Temperature range Number of cycles Dwell/transfer time	-40 to 100°C 1000 15 min/0-1 min
Cold (in operation)	IEC 60068-2-1 Ad	Temperature T _A Duration	-45°C 72 h
Damp heat	IEC 60068-2-67 Cy	Temperature Humidity Duration	85°C 85 % RH 1000 hours
Dry heat	IEC 60068-2-2 Bd	Temperature Duration	125°C 1000 h
Electrostatic discharge susceptibility	IEC 61340-3-1, JESD 22-A114 IEC 61340-3-2, JESD 22-A115	Human body model (HBM) Machine Model (MM)	Class 2, 2000 V Class 3, 200 V
Immersion in cleaning solvents	IEC 60068-2-45 XA, method 2	Water Glycol ether Isopropyl alcohol	55°C 35°C 35°C
Mechanical shock	IEC 60068-2-27 Ea	Peak acceleration Duration	100 g 6 ms
Moisture reflow sensitivity ¹	J-STD-020C	Level 1 (SnPb-eutectic) Level 3 (Pb Free)	225°C 260°C
Operational life test	MIL-STD-202G, method 108A	Duration	1000 h
Resistance to soldering heat ²	IEC 60068-2-20 Tb, method 1A	Solder temperature Duration	270°C 10-13 s
Robustness of terminations	IEC 60068-2-21 Test Ua1 IEC 60068-2-21 Test Ue1	Through hole mount products Surface mount products	All leads All leads
Solderability	IEC 60068-2-58 test Td	Preconditioning Temperature, SnPb Eutectic Temperature, Pb-free	150°C dry bake 16 h 215°C 235°C
Vibration, broad band random	IEC 60068-2-64 Fh, method 1	Frequency Spectral density Duration	10 to 500 Hz 0.07 g²/Hz 10 min in each direction